## **ANASPEC** Product Information Sheet

| Product Name:                    | Streptavidin, Eu labeled   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Catalog Number:                  | AS-72252-50, -100  |
| Size:                            | 50µg, 100µg  |
| Concentration:                   | 0.5mg/mL   |
| Degree of Substitution:<br>(DOS) | Eu to streptavidin labeling ratio is stated on each vial   |
| Spectral properties:             | Ex/Em=325/615 nm   |
| Streptavidin:                    | Recombinant streptavidin (AnaSpec Cat. AS-72177)   |
| Storage buffer:                  | 10 mM phosphate, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Proclin-300, pH 7.2  |
| Storage:                         | Europium-streptavidin conjugate is stable for 1~2 months at 4 °C. For long-term storage, divide conjugate into aliquots and store at -20 °C or add an equal volume of glycerol (ACS grade or higher) and store the solution at -20 °C without aliquoting. Avoid multiple thaw-freeze cycles. Protect Eu-streptavidin conjugate from heat and light. Avoid buffers that contain Fe and Mn ions.   |
| Instructions:                    | Recommended working concentration for TR-FRET assays is 0.1-1µg/ml with red dyes as an acceptor such as HiLyte <sup>™</sup> Fluor 647, Cy5, Alexa Fluor® 647 or APC. When using this product in TR-FRET application with HiLyte <sup>™</sup> Fluor 647, suggested instrument settings are Ex/Em=330/670nm. Optimal working concentration for other applications must be determined by an investigator. This products can be diluted in buffers with pH ranging from 5.5-9.0, containing up to 20 mM EDTA, 20 mM DTT, and up to 1% Triton X-100 without significant loss of the luminescent activity of Europium chelate. |
| Background:                      | TR-FRET (Time Resolved Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer) combines<br>advantages of time resolved fluorescence and FRET. Energy is transferred from<br>long-lived lanthanide fluorophore to the acceptor molecule with short lived<br>fluorescence. Lasting Eu-labeled donors allow for time resolved<br>measurements to eliminate all background and autofluorescence. In addition,<br>large Stokes shift of lanthanides results in high signal-to-noise ratio due to the<br>minimal overlapping between excitation and emission wavelengths.  |

## For in vitro research use only

## **Related Products**

| Product Name                                     | Cat. #   |
|--|----------|
| AnaTag Europium Protein Labeling Kit             | AS-72246 |
| AnaTag TR-FRET Protein Labeling Kit              | AS-72247 |
| Goat anti-Mouse IgG, Eu labeled, cross-absorbed  | AS-72248 |
| Goat anti-Rabbit IgG, Eu labeled, cross-absorbed | AS-72249 |
| Mouse monoclonal anti-GST tag, IgG, Eu labeled   | AS-72250 |
| Mouse monoclonal anti-his tag, IgG, Eu labeled   | AS-72251 |
| HiLyte™ Fluor 647 acid, SE                       | AS-81256 |
| Eu Iodoacetamide                                 | AS-89351 |
| Eu Isothiocyanate                                | AS-89352 |

## **References:**

- Hermanson G. T. (1996), Bioconjugate Techniques, Academic Press, New York
  Lakowicz J. R. (2006), Principles of Fluorescence Spectroscopy, Springer, New York